

The article was published in the Scientific Journal NovaUm.Ru №42 in 2023 on Russian Article translated by the author Schemelinin K. S.

The original article on Russian can be read at:

[http://www.schemelinin.com/K\\_Schemelinin-2040-communism-Russia-2023.pdf](http://www.schemelinin.com/K_Schemelinin-2040-communism-Russia-2023.pdf)

<https://elibrary.ru/item.asp?id=53216571>

---

**Schemelinin Konstantin Sergeevich**

**ORCID:0000-0002-3636-1583**

**BY 2040 IN RUSSIA, THE COMMUNIST LEGACY OF THE SOVIET UNION WILL BE GRADUALLY FAILED TO COMPLETE OBLIVION**

**Abstract.** Calculations predict that by 2040, almost all the legacy of the USSR associated with communist ideology will be completely forgotten in Russia, in particular: decommunization of sufficient size will take place in the country, and Russia will become, to the fullest extent, a capitalist state. In accordance with this forecast, it is not possible to restore the likeness of the Soviet Union on the basis of modern Russia.

**Keywords:** *communism, socialism, USSR, Soviet Union, modern Russia, future of Russia, post-Soviet Russia*

In 1991, its outskirts fell away from Russia, because of which the Soviet Union - a huge and powerful socialist country with nuclear weapons - disappeared from the political map of the world [3].

The USSR was a state with a dominant communist ideology [1]. Through propaganda, this ideology began to be suggested into the citizens of the country from an early age, in fact, from elementary school (October) [2]. Children went to the Soviet school from the age of 7, and sometimes from the age of 6; Thus, those children who in 1991 were under 7 years old did not actually experience the influence of Soviet reality, which means that they came into contact with Soviet reality, propaganda and ideology not independently, but as with the bygone past: through the behavior of their parents and through the remaining partly socialist inherently, some state institutions.

1991-7=1984 is the year of the beginning of life for that generation of people who personally did not experience the influence of communist ideology. For this generation, the Soviet Union is already a memory from other people's words, that is, the USSR for them is actually history.

The communist USSR will be completely forgotten when the generation born from 1984 and later will dominate the public life of Russia, and for this they will have to grow up and grow old, that is, such people should be about 45-65 years old or 55 years old on average, therefore, the USSR will become history by  $1984+55=2039\approx 2040$ .

By this year:

1. The juxtaposition between communism and capitalism will disappear.
2. Sufficient decommunization will take place, as a result of which it will no longer be necessary to return to this issue for at least a couple of centuries.
3. Russia will become, in full measure, a capitalist country.
4. After 2040, the USSR will exist only in textbooks, historical books and articles, as well as in the form of material historical monuments.

In addition, with the gradual departure from the lives of people who personally lived under the USSR, Russia's connection with the Soviet Union will become weaker and weaker with each passing year, so all attempts to restore the USSR in any form will be unsuccessful.

**Conclusions:**

1. The communist legacy of the Soviet Union will gradually fade into oblivion around 2040.
2. The real USSR will be almost completely forgotten in Russian society by 2040.
3. By 2040, sufficient decommunization will take place in Russia and the country will become, in full measure, a capitalist state.
4. After 2040, the USSR will exist only in textbooks, historical books and articles, as well as in the form of material historical monuments.
5. It is impossible to restore the likeness of the Soviet Union on the basis of modern Russia.

**References:**

1. Lukovtseva T. A., Stepanov A. I. et al. The Communist Party of the Soviet Union. Great Russian Encyclopedia. Volume 14. Mocsow, 2009. P. 669 (on Russian).
2. Octobrists. Great Russian Encyclopedia. Volume 24. Moscow, 2014. P. 66 (on Russian).
3. Schemelinin K.S. Not the desintegration of the USSR, but the departure of the regional territories from Russia // Scientific journal NovaUm.Ru. 2020. №28. P. 16-18 (on Russian).